



What information do cyclists and pedestrians want when interacting with a fully Automated Road Transport Systems (ARTS)?

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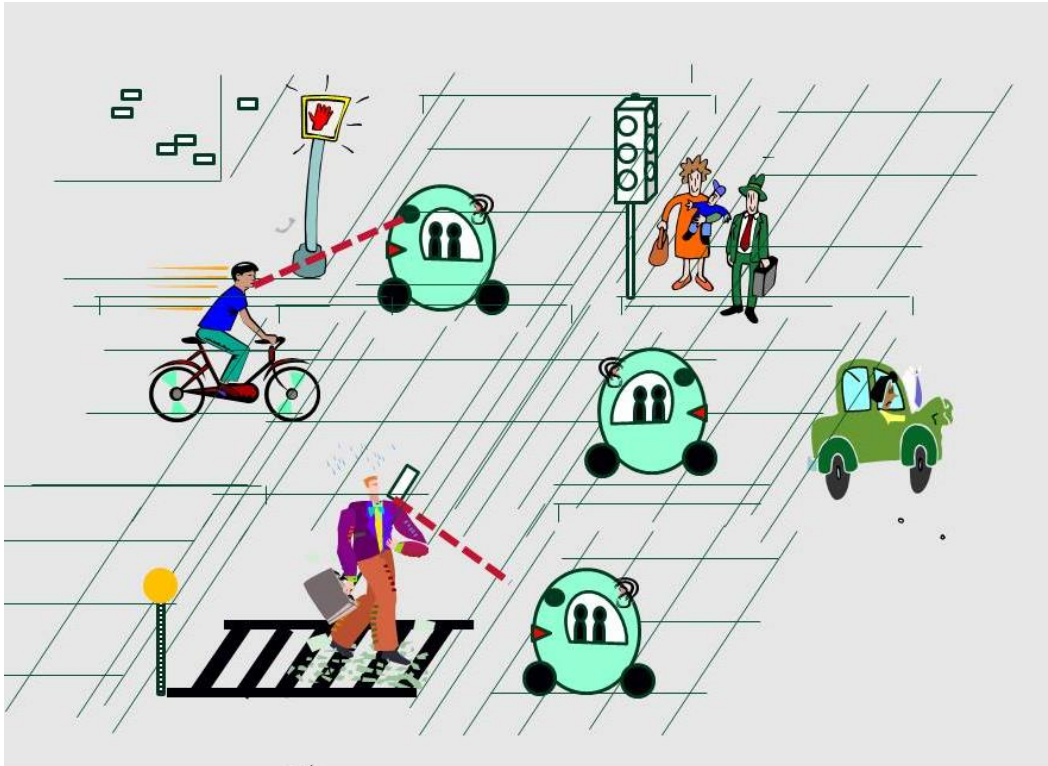
University of Leeds, UK

CityMobil2 Project

- Funded by European Commission (FP7)
- Large-scale demonstration of Automated Road Transport Systems (ARTS) in a number of cities across Europe
- Public transport
- No driver (operator)
- Low speed (up to 45 km/h)
- Simultaneous Localisation AND Mapping (SLAM)
- Shared space
- First mile/last mile solution to complement other public transport



No Drivers in the Vehicle



Excellent obstacle detection

No more eye contact

No more gestures

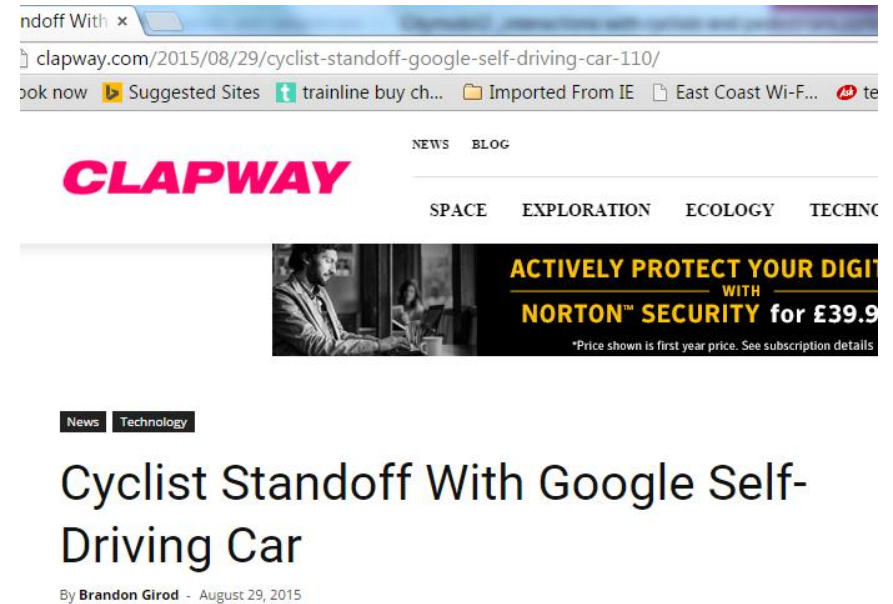
NO COMMUNICATION

→ New HMI?

→ New behaviour?

Anecdotal observations

- Stand off situations
- Lack of trajectory prediction
- Unintended consequences



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL clapway.com/2015/08/29/cyclist-standoff-google-self-driving-car-110/. The page features the Clapway logo in pink and navigation links for NEWS, BLOG, SPACE, EXPLORATION, ECOLOGY, and TECHNOLOGY. A banner for Norton Security is visible, advertising a price of £39.9. The main article title is "Cyclist Standoff With Google Self-Driving Car" by Brandon Girod, dated August 29, 2015.

Human Machine Interface



Nissan



Door opening indicator

Forward indicator

Reverse indicator

Mitsubishi

Google's patents

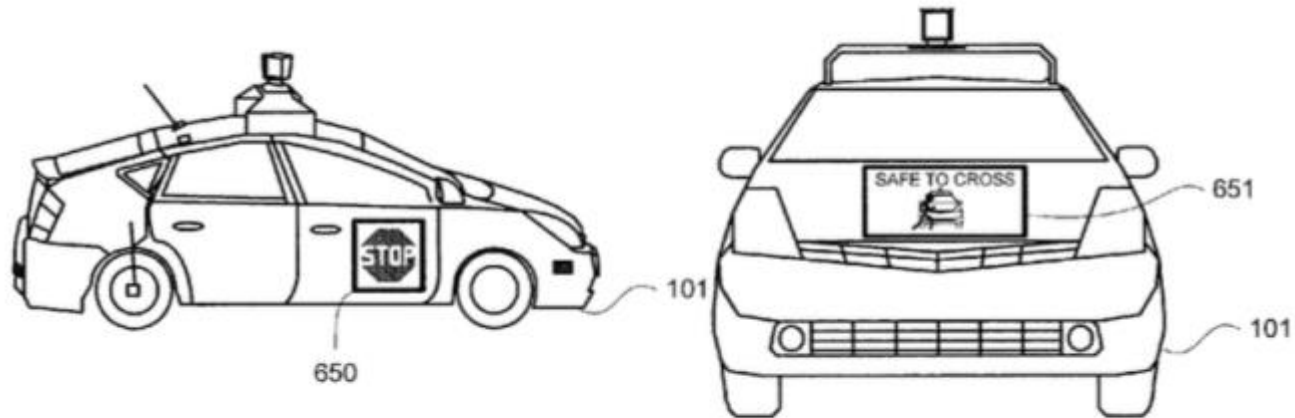


FIGURE 6C



Related research



Clamann, Aubert & Cummings, 2016



Fake it 'til you make it...

Right hand steered vehicle with fake steering wheel on the left side



Lagström & Lundgren , 2016



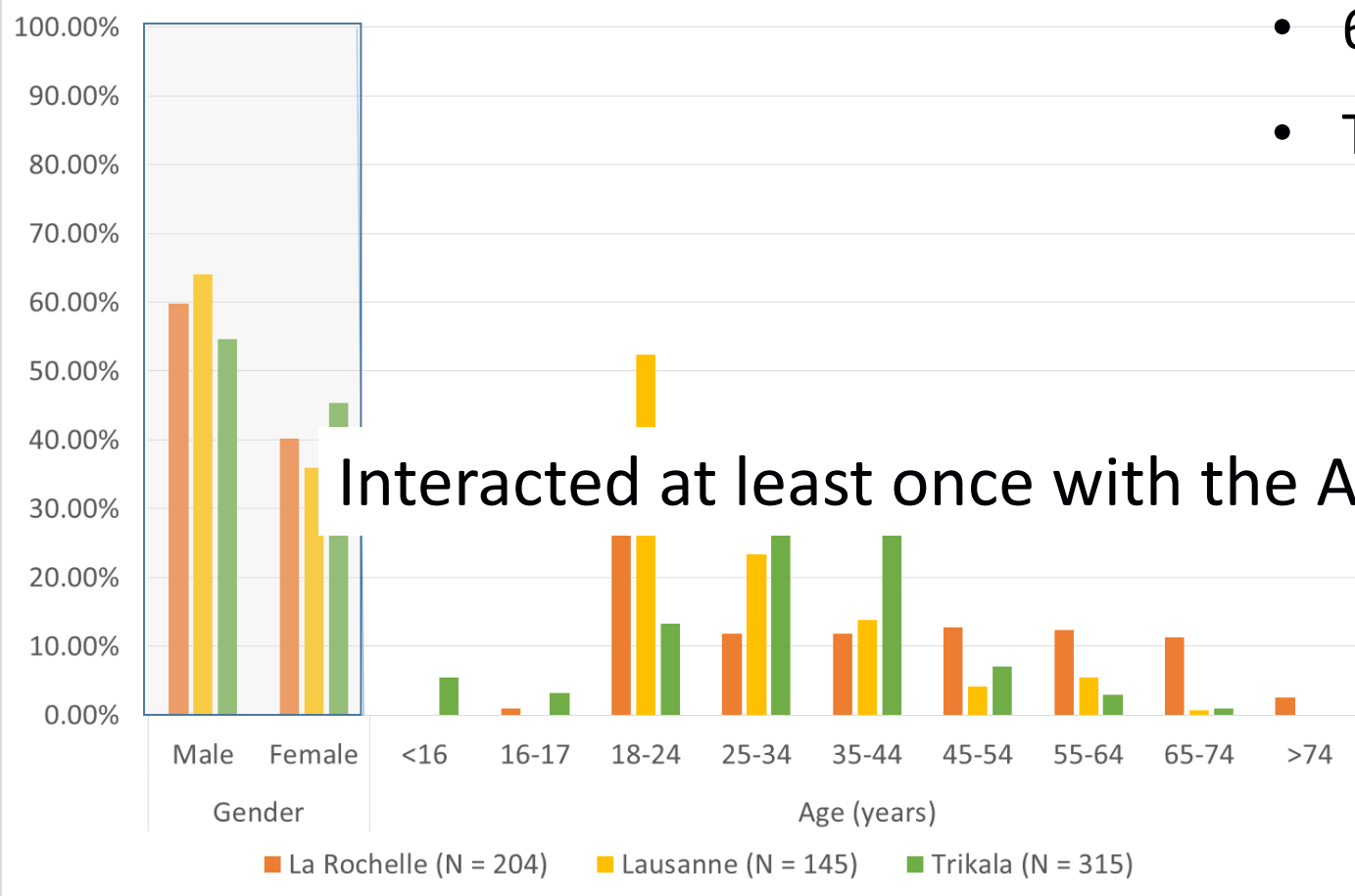
Current Study

- 42 questions, 8-10 minutes to complete
 - Demographics and travel patterns
 - Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology (Vankatesh et al., 2003)
 - **Interaction and Communication needs**



Participants

- 664 respondents
- Three cities:
 - La Rochelle, France;
 - Lausanne, Switzerland;
 - Trikala, Greece

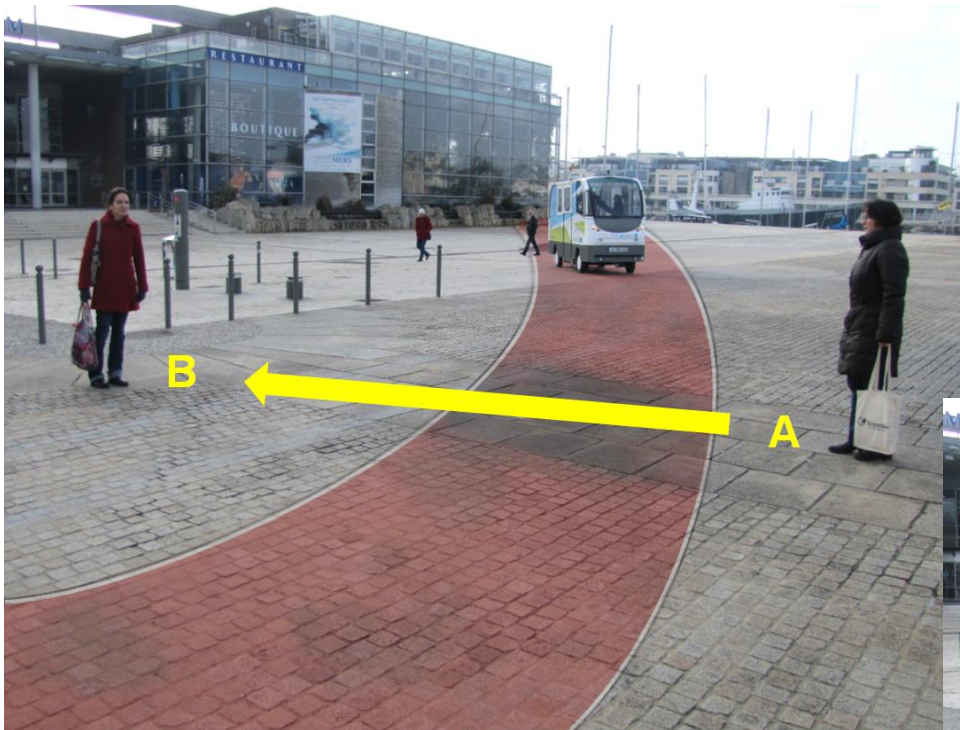


Main Questions:

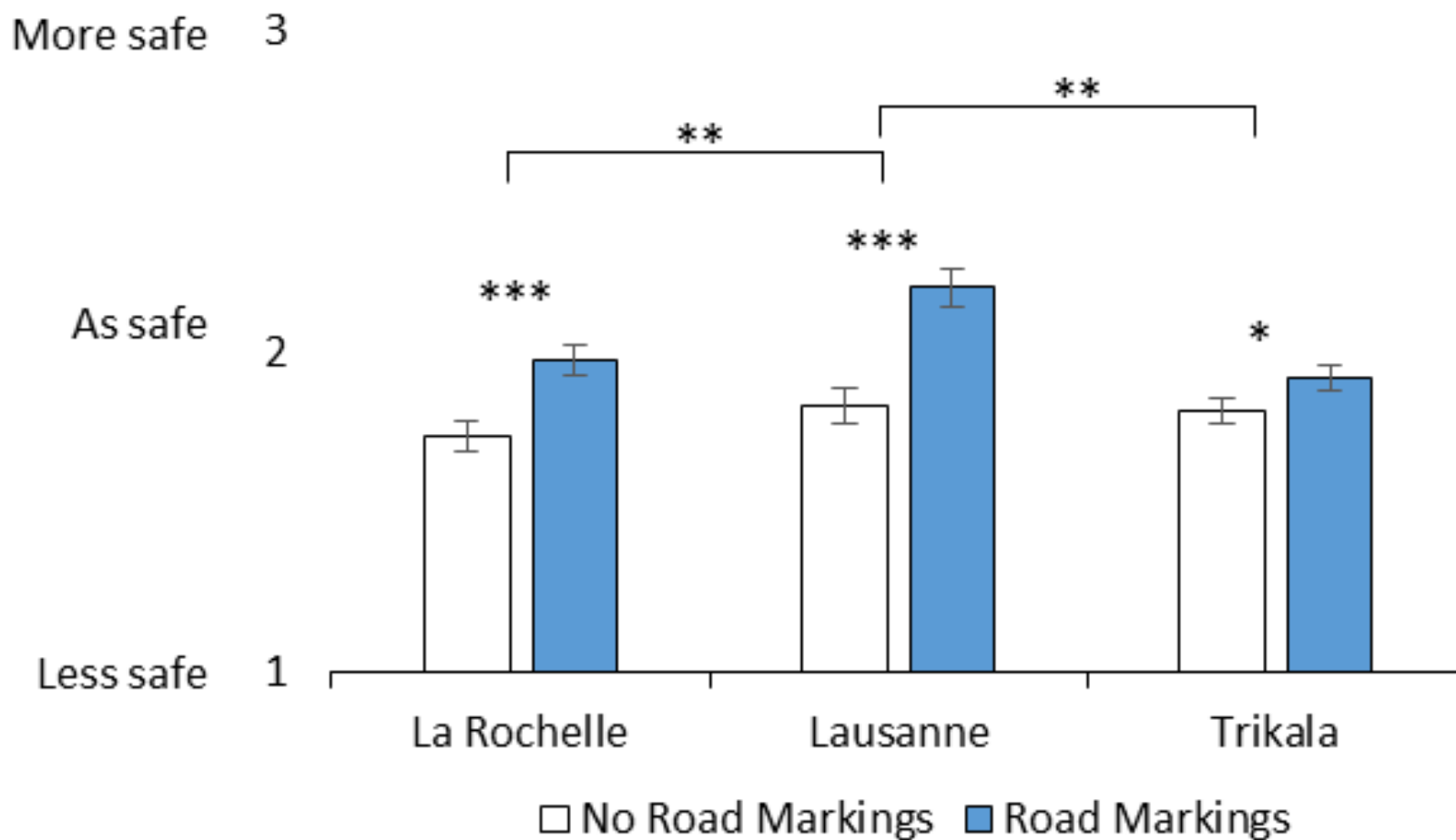
How do cyclists and pedestrians feel (safety/priority) about the ARTS?

What information do cyclists and pedestrians require from the ARTS?

Safety and Priority?



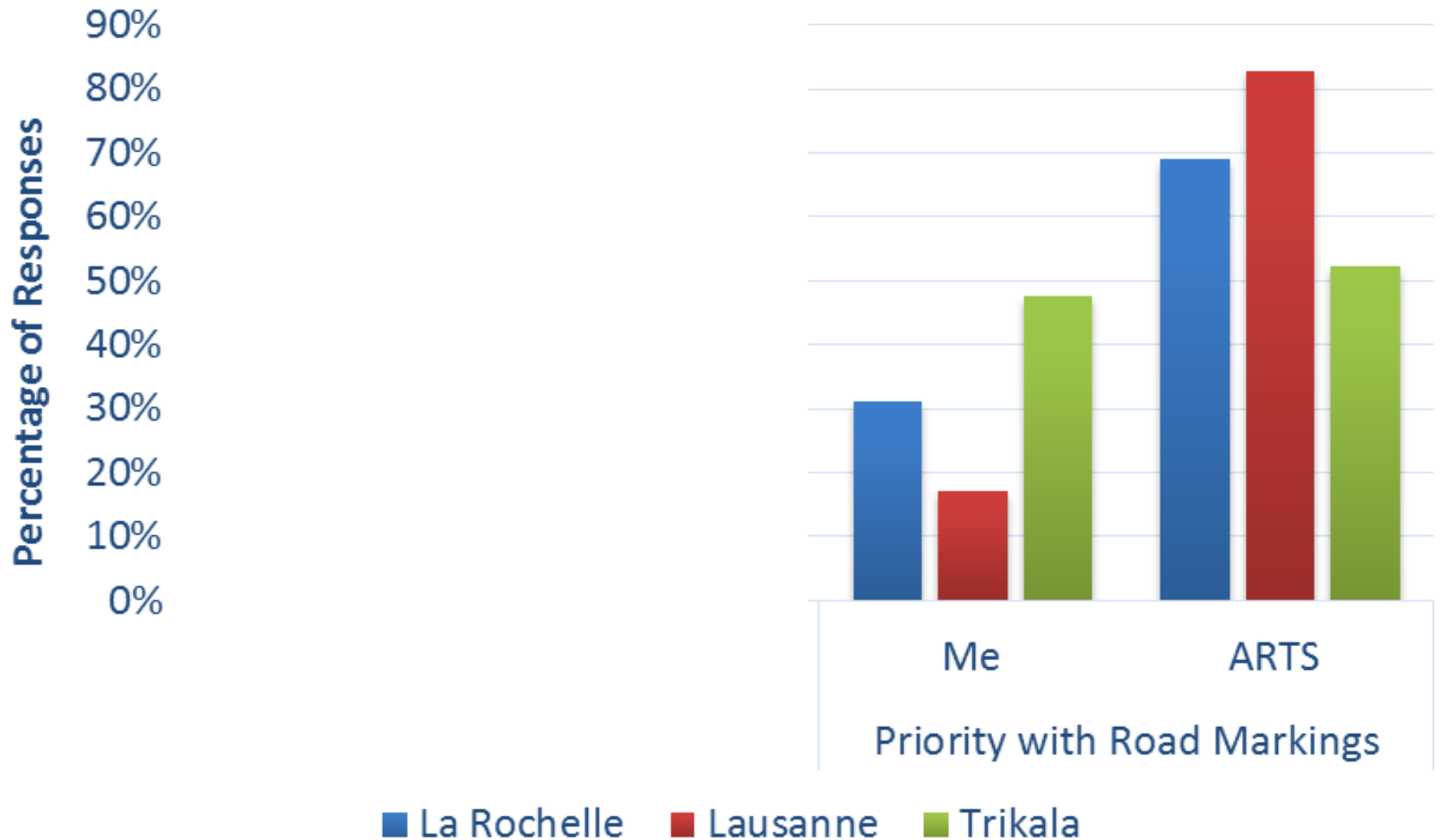
Do you feel safe?



Road Marking ($F(1,659) = 5.259, p < .05, \eta^2 = .08$, Location ($F(2,659) = 2.493, p < .05, \eta^2 = .013$)

Road Markings and Location ($F(2,659) = 6.272, p < .01, \eta^2 = .019$)

Who has priority?



What information?

- *whether it is stopping*
- *whether it is turning*
- *how fast it is going*
- *whether it is going to start moving*
- *whether it has detected me*

Not very important.....Very important

5-point scale

Road markings Important?

No

Overall:

- Most important: detection
- Least important: speed of travel

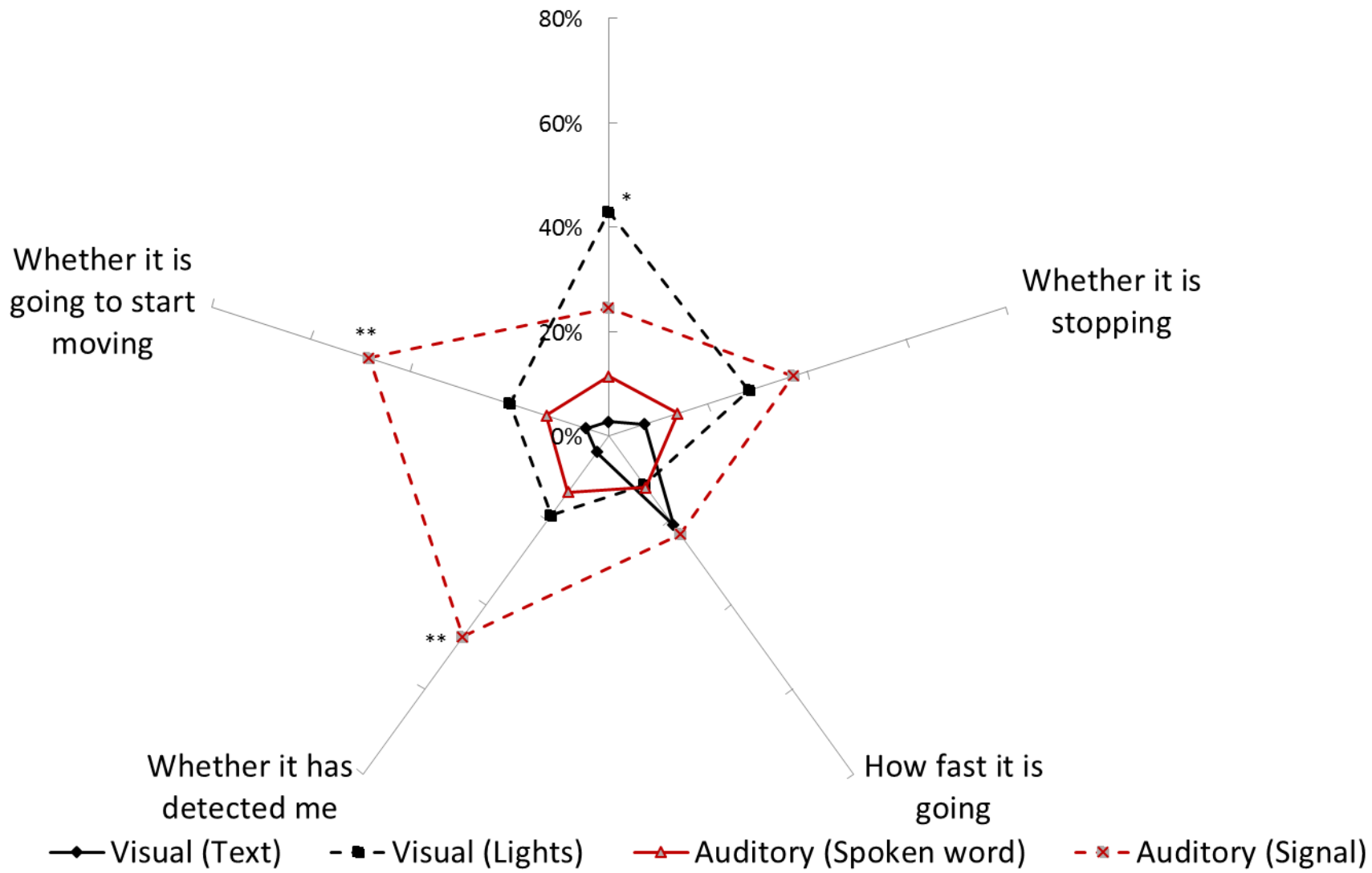
Per site:

- La Rochelle, if it has detected me and turning
- Lausanne, all but speed
- Trikala none

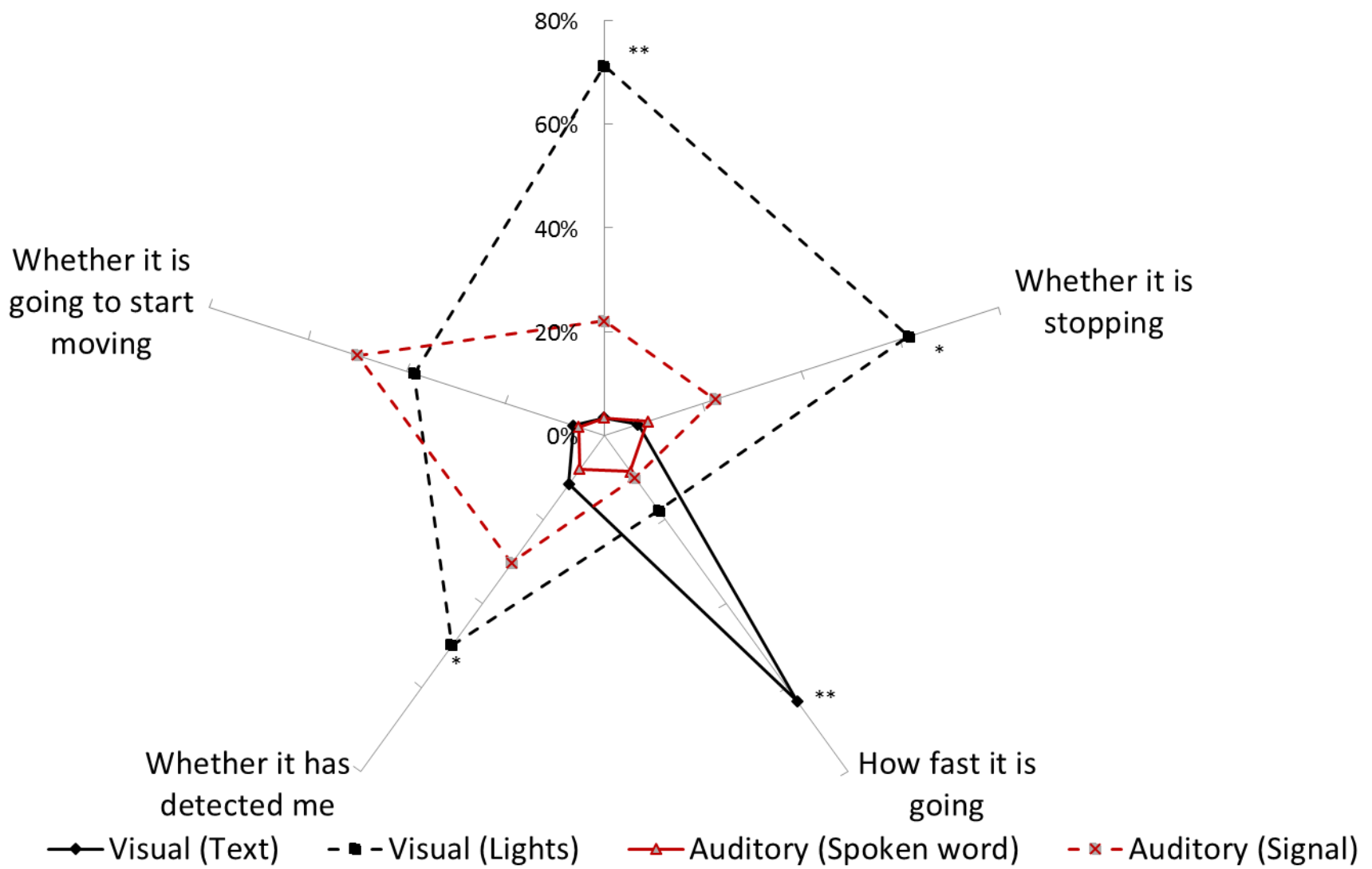
How would you like to receive this information?

- Visual (Lights)
- Visual (words)
- Auditory (tones/signals)
- Auditory (words)

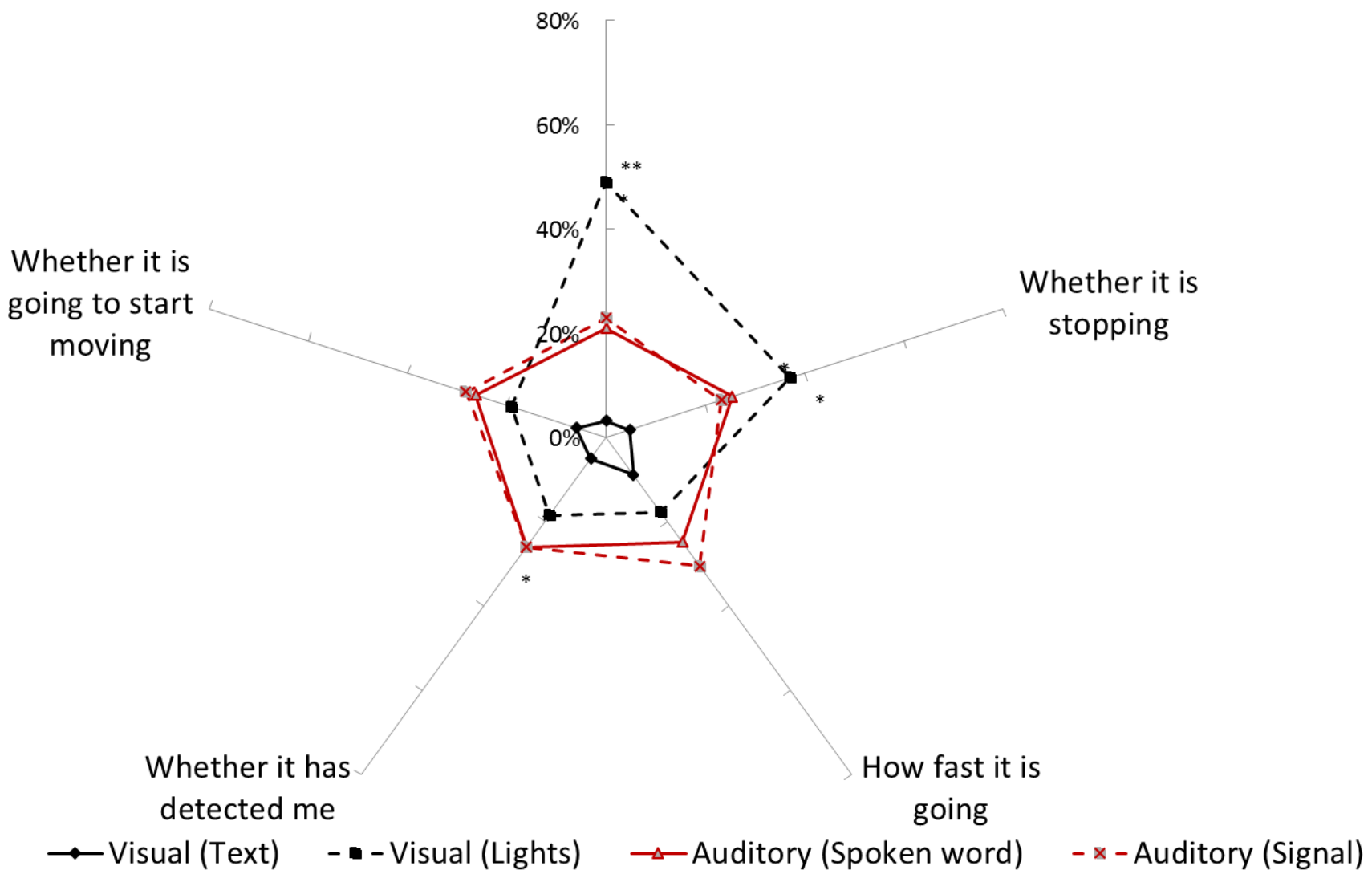
Whether it is turning




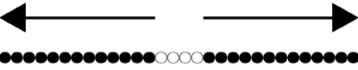
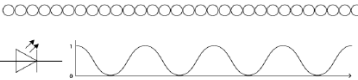
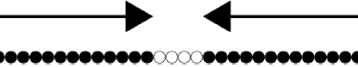
Whether it is turning



Whether it is turning



AVIP-prototype

Message	Final Concept
I'm in AD mode	 <p>As long as the vehicle is in autonomous drive mode, the middle part of the signal bar is lit.</p>
I'm about to yield	 <p>When the vehicle has identified an approaching pedestrian, and intends to stop and yield, the light expands towards the sides until the LED strip is completely lit.</p>
I'm resting	 <p>When the vehicle has stopped, it shows that it's waiting/resting by pulsating the signal bar calmly.</p>
I'm about to start	 <p>When the car intends to drive, the lit LED strip shrinks down before the car drives away.</p>



LAGSTRÖM & LUNDGREN, 2016

Focus Group: Priority

- **Direction of travel** not obvious
- Not sure who had priority
- Would prefer **demarcations**
- Not sure if the vehicle can **identify hazards?**
- Suggested use of horns and lights for **detection and communication**
- **Visibility:** Colour maybe too discrete, brighter colour to make it easy to see. In La Rochelle: Yellow would be more suitable to fit in with other public transport modes
- **Speed:** Too slow, but probably ok as shared space
- Better for **tourists** than commuters
- **Sound:** Lack of engine noise a problem for its localisation, especially for the visually impaired



Timely news release!

The screenshot shows the NHTSA website interface. At the top left is the NHTSA logo (National Highway Traffic Safety Administration). To its right is the date "14 November 2016", a "Subscribe" button with an envelope icon, and a search bar. Below these are navigation tabs: "Driving Safety", "Vehicle Safety", "Research", "Data", "Laws & Regulations", and "About NHTSA". A "CHAT HELP" button and social media icons for Twitter, Facebook, YouTube, Email, and Print are also visible.

The main content area features a news release titled "NHTSA sets 'Quiet Car' safety standard to protect pedestrians". The release is dated "NHTSA 27-16" and "Monday, November 14, 2016", with contact information "Public.Affairs@dot.gov". The headline reads: "New requirement of audible alert will help prevent 2,400 pedestrian injuries a year".

The body text states: "WASHINGTON - The U.S. Department of Transportation's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) today announced that it is adding a sound requirement for all newly manufactured hybrid and electric light-duty vehicles to help protect pedestrians. The new federal safety standard will help pedestrians who are blind, have low vision, and other pedestrians detect the presence, direction and location of these vehicles when they are traveling at low speeds, which will help prevent about 2,400 pedestrian injuries each year once all hybrids in the fleet are properly equipped."

A quote from U.S. Transportation Secretary Anthony Foxx is included: "We all depend on our senses to alert us to possible danger," said U.S. Transportation Secretary Anthony Foxx. "With more, quieter hybrid and electrical cars on the road, the ability for all pedestrians to hear as well as see the cars becomes an important factor of reducing the risk of possible crashes and improving safety."

The release concludes: "Under the new rule, all hybrid and electric light vehicles with four wheels and a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less will be required to make audible noise when traveling in reverse or forward at speeds up to 30 kilometers per hour (about 19 miles per hour)."

Summary and Conclusions

- As the deployment of automated vehicles becomes commonplace, the views of other road users should be sought.
- In particular, understanding how VRUs (and other vehicles) interact and communicate with a 'driverless' vehicle is important
- This study shows that VRUs definitely want some information, and prefer the ARTS to be in a dedicated space.
- They assume they have priority in shared space

Implications

- Do we need totally new or modification of existing
 - Signage? STANDARDS?
 - Road infrastructure?
 - Traffic rules?
 - What about cultural differences?
 - Road safety training?



Thank you for your attention!

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www.citymobil2.eu

Merat, N. Louw, T., Madigan, R., Dziennus, M., & Scheiben, A. (under review) Communication Between VRUs and Fully Automated Road Transport Systems: What's important? (Accident Analysis and Prevention)