

Efforts to reduce pedestrian traffic accidents



Overview

National database for traffic accident patterns

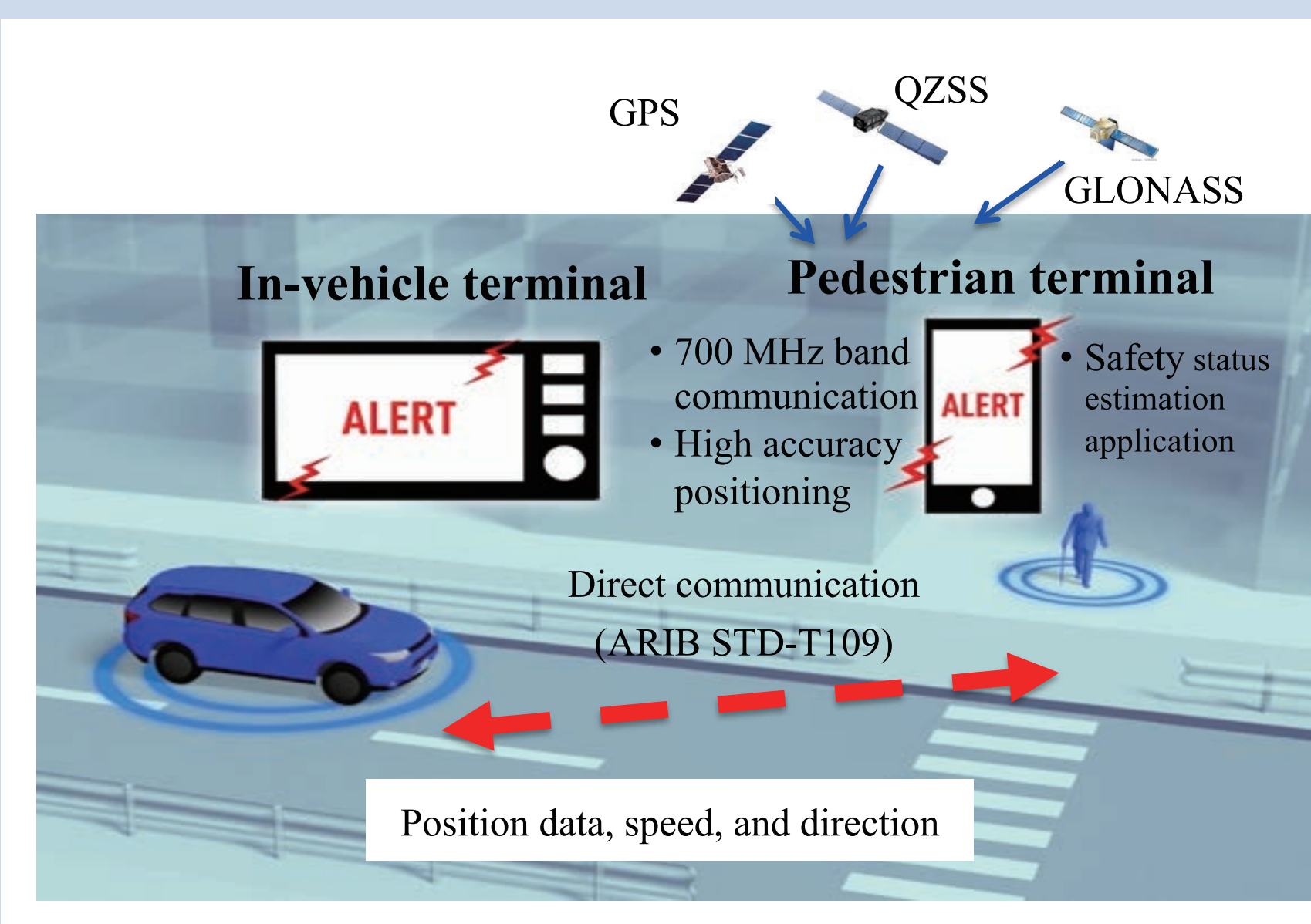
Outline of the accident			
Code CTC-01			
Road Type	General road	Highway	
Road configuration	Intersection (with signal)	Near intersection	Curve
Primary party (P)	Car	Motorcycle	Bicycle
Secondary party (S)	Car	Motorcycle	Bicycle
Action type(P)	Straight	Overtaking	Change of lane
Direction (S)	Same	from left	from right
Type of accident	Car to car	Head on	Rear end

The number of accidents fitted to the code above in 2016				
	Fatal	Serious injury	Slight injury	Casualty
No of accidents / %	18	0.5%	286	0.8%
Injuries / %	22	0.6%	325	0.9%

Total number of accidents in 2016				
	Fatal	Serious injury	Slight injury	Casualty
No of accidents / %	3,790	35,380	460,031	499,201
Injuries / %	3,904	37,356	551,497	622,757

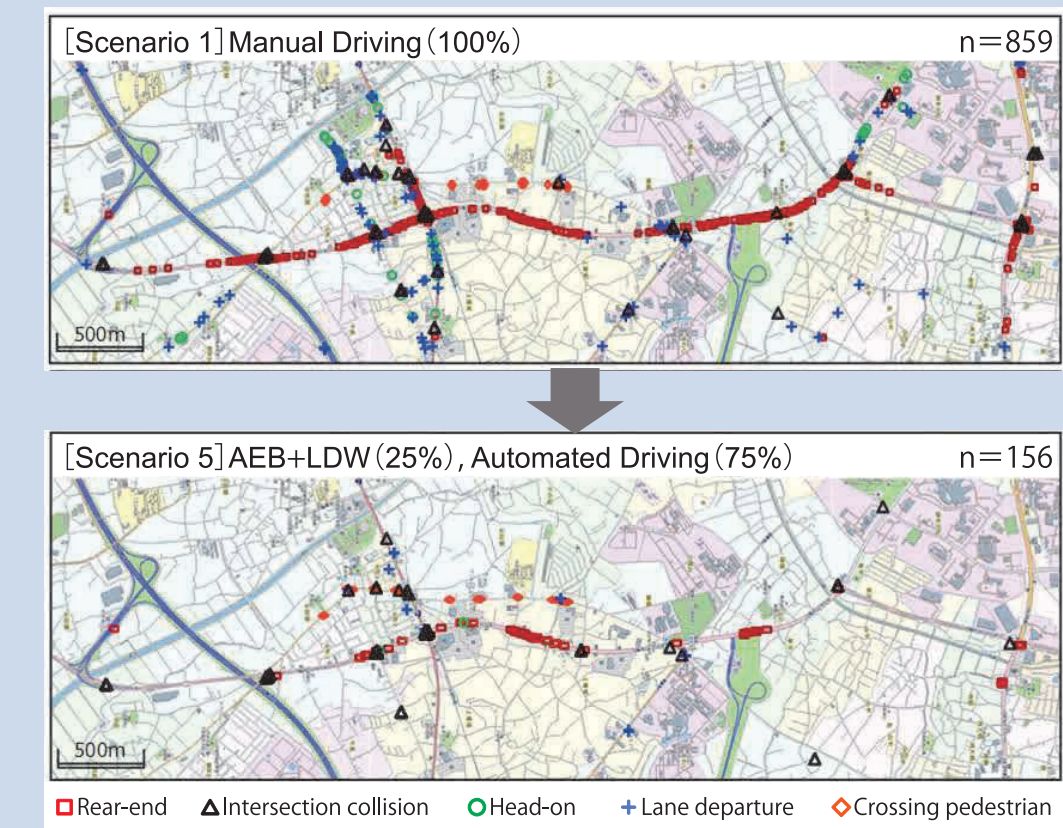
- ✓ Classified traffic accidents into 255 patterns
- ✓ Published as national database

Vehicle to Pedestrian(V2P) Communication Technology



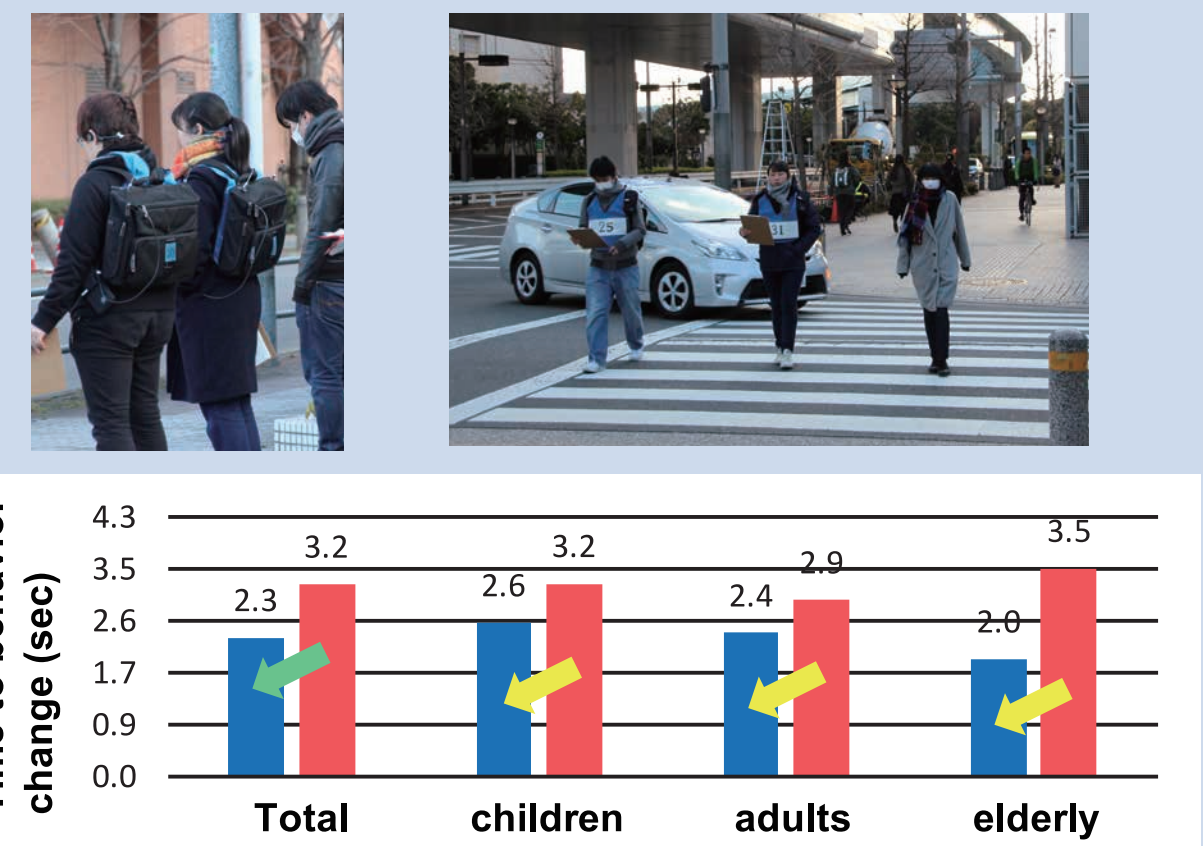
Realization of a safety support system for pedestrians to reduce traffic fatalities

Simulation to predict the impact of ADS*



*ADS : Automated Driving Systems

Verification of effectiveness at FOT



National database for traffic accident patterns

Patterning of J-TAD

To estimate ADAS effectiveness, J-TAD* was classified by 255 patterns to cover 80% of fatalities in 2013, using classifications below. And they have been kept for fixed point observation. However, because of decreased rate(75% in 2016), patterns will be modified and finalized to improve this rate to more than 80% as the national accident database.

*Japan Traffic Accident Database

Table1 Item and classification for patterning

Item	Classification
Type of Collision	Head on, Rear end, Crossing, Single, Vehicle to pedestrian, Vehicle to bicycle, etc.
Primary Party	Car, Motorcycle, Bicycle, Pedestrian
Secondary Party	Car, Motorcycle, Bicycle, Pedestrian
Type of Road	General road, Highway
Location	Intersection, Near intersection, Curve, Straight, Bridge, Tunnel, Others
Traffic Control	Signal, Stop sign, No control
Traveling Maneuver of Primary Party	Go straight, Turn left, Turn right, etc.
Relative position of Secondary Party	Same direction, Opposite direction, Right side, Left side, Others

Sample of Accident Pattern

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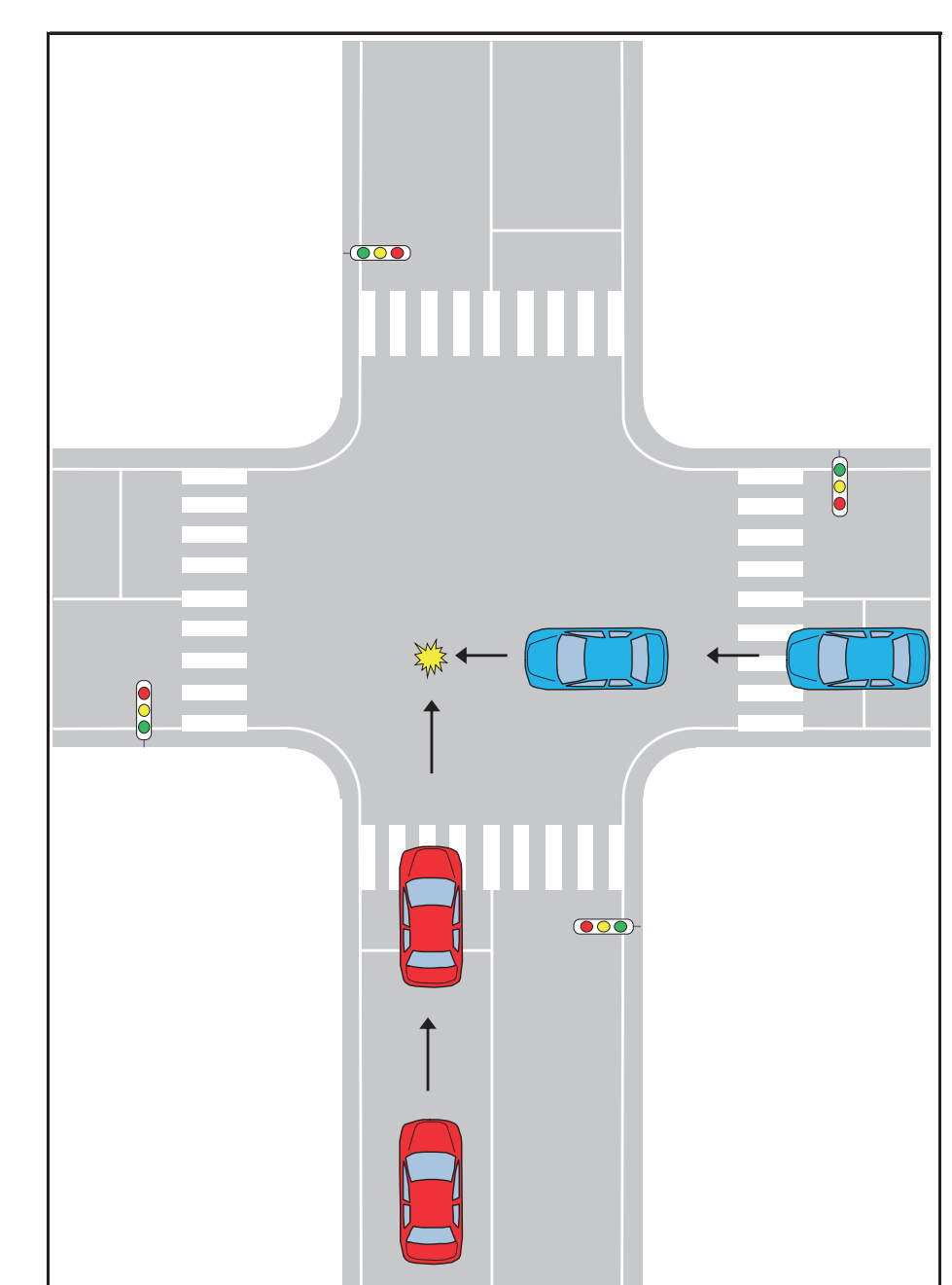


Fig.1 Accident pattern sheet (CTC-01)

The details of the number of injury accidents

Day/Night	Traffic violation (Primary party)	Human factor (Primary party)
Day	Ignoring traffic signal: 3748 (76.2%)	Dozen off: 10 (0.2%)
Night	Traffic distribution: 0 (0.0%)	Other inattentive driving: 1745 (35.6%)
Week	Speeding: 1 (0.0%)	Propping items, picking up items (sitting or operating TV/NAVY): 64 (1.3%)
Weekend	Prohibition on cutting across roads: 1 (0.0%)	Propping items, picking up items (sitting or operating TV/NAVY): 64 (1.3%)
Weather	Not keeping distance between vehicle: 0 (0.0%)	Distraction driving to search for roads or signs: 99 (2.0%)
Sunny	Prohibition on changing course: 0 (0.0%)	Distraction driving to see other vehicles or...: 224 (4.6%)
Cloudy	Improper overtaking: 0 (0.0%)	Distraction driving to see other vehicles or...: 83 (1.7%)
Rainy	Illegal right turn: 0 (0.0%)	Other distracted driving: 391 (8.1%)
Windy	Illegal left turn: 0 (0.0%)	Failure to confirm: 714 (14.5%)
Snowy	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 85 (1.7%)	Failure to confirm: 883 (18.0%)
Road surface condition	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Not paying attention to parties because of...: 14 (0.3%)
Dry	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Wet	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Ice/snow covered	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Unpaved	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Median strip & structure	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Median strip	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Median line	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
No median strip/line	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Outside of roads	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Location	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Traffic Control	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Traveling Maneuver of Primary Party	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)
Relative position of Secondary Party	Improper vehicle from the going at intersections: 46 (0.9%)	Failure to observe: 100 (2.0%)

Fig.2 In-depth analyzed sheet (CTC-01)

This database was also used by another organization for SIP-adus study.